

SITUATIONAL ACTION THEORY: ASSUMPTIONS, SIGNIFICANCE AND PROSPECTS

Biljana Simeunović-Patić

Summary: The article reviews basic assumptions, constructs and significance of Situational Action Theory (SAT), a recent integrated theoretical model aiming to provide an ecological perspective and approve itself as a truly general theory of crime. Within its comprehensive theoretical framework crime is defined and studied as a special form of moral action. Disregarding that some aspects of particular theoretical assumptions and constructs are deemed as somewhat arguable or still-developing, SAT's contribution to the field of criminology and related disciplines so far has been assessed as manifold and valuable. The theory is expected to be even more important in the future. The same goes for its applicative value.

Page 93-106